THE BRANDS EAST METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 4 Larimer County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors The Brands East Metropolitan District No. 4

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of The Brands East Metropolitan District No. 4 (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of The Brands East Metropolitan District No. 4, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of The Brands East Metropolitan District No. 4 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The Brands East Metropolitan District No. 4's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

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In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The Brands East Metropolitan District No. 4's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The Brands East Metropolitan District No. 4's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise The Brands East Metropolitan District No. 4's basic financial statements. The supplementary information section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information and continuing disclosure annual financial information, as listed in the table of contents, does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information and continuing disclosure annual financial information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Haynie & Company

Littleton, Colorado July 30, 2024

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

THE BRANDS EAST METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 4 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 60
Cash and Investments - Restricted	36,852
Due from District No. 1	331,357
Due from District No. 2	212
Due from District No. 3	3,172
Receivable from County Treasurer	1,107
Property Tax Receivable	198,065
Total Assets	570,825
LIABILITIES	
Due to District No. 1	10
Accrued Interest Payable	7,447
Noncurrent Liabilities:	,
Due Within One Year	302,000
Due in More Than One Year	5,738,000
Total Liabilities	6,047,457
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	198,065
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	198,065
Total Deletted filliows of Resources	196,005
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	362,068
Unrestricted	(6,036,765)
Total Net Position	\$ (5,674,697)

THE BRANDS EAST METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 4 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	E	xpenses	Char foi Servi	r	Gran	Revenues rating ts and putions	Gr	Capital ants and htributions	(Expe Cł Ne Gov	Revenues enses) and hange in t Position rernmental ctivities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government	\$	70	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(70)
Interest on Long-Term Debt and Related Costs		450,659						925,741		475,082
Total Governmental Activities	\$	450,729	\$	-	\$		\$	925,741		475,012
	GENERAL REVENUES Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes Interest Income Total General Revenues and Transfers								140,931 10,152 37,605 188,688	
	CHANGES IN NET POSITION									663,700
	Net F	Position - Beg	ginning of Y	′ear					((6,338,397)
	NET	POSITION -	END OF Y	EAR					\$ ((5,674,697)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

THE BRANDS EAST METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 4 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

ASSETS	General		Debt Service		Capital Projects		 Total vernmental Funds
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Receivable from County Treasurer Due from District No. 1 Due from District No. 2 Due from District No. 3 Property Tax Receivable	\$	60 - - - - -	\$	33,667 1,107 331,357 212 3,172 198,065	\$	3,185 - - - - - -	\$ 60 36,852 1,107 331,357 212 3,172 198,065
Total Assets	\$	60	\$	567,580	\$	3,185	\$ 570,825
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES Due to District No. 1 Total Liabilities		<u>10</u> 10		<u> </u>		<u>-</u> -	 <u>10</u> 10
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Property Tax Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		<u> </u>		<u>198,065</u> 198,065		<u> </u>	 <u>198,065</u> 198,065
FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Debt Service Unassigned Total Fund Balances		- 50 50		369,515 		- 3,185 3,185	 369,515 <u>3,235</u> 372,750
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	60	\$	567,580	\$	3,185	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the net position are different because:	statement	of					

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Accrued Interest Payable Loan Payable - Series 2023

(7,447) (6,040,000)

<u>\$ (5.674.697)</u>

Net Position of Governmental Activities

THE BRANDS EAST METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 4 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

			Debt		Capital		Go	Total Governmental	
	Ge	neral		Service		rojects		Funds	
REVENUES									
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$	140,931	\$	-	\$	140,931	
Specific Ownership Taxes		-		10,152		-		10,152	
Interest Income		-		37,589		16		37,605	
Transfers from District No. 1		-		459,893		-		459,893	
Transfers from District No. 2		-		32,295		-		32,295	
Transfers from District No. 3		-		433,553		-		433,553	
Total Revenues		-		1,114,413		16		1,114,429	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
County Treasurer's Fee		-		2,830		-		2,830	
Miscellaneous		-		70		-		70	
Debt Service:				47.070				47.070	
Non-Use Fees		-		17,378		-		17,378	
Paying Agent Fees		-		2,200		-		2,200	
Loan Interest - Series 2018A		-		108,758		-		108,758	
Loan Interest - Series 2019A		-		48,592		-		48,592	
Loan Interest - Series 2019B		-		37,322		-		37,322	
Loan Interest - Series 2020A Loan Principal - Series 2018A		-		33,383 2,585,000		-		33,383 2,585,000	
Loan Principal - Series 2010A		-		1,711,887		-		1,711,887	
Loan Principal - Series 2019A		-		1,711,007		-		1,711,007	
Loan Principal - Series 2019B		-		2,058,333		-		2,058,333	
Cost of Issuance		_	4	209,900				2,030,333	
Total Expenditures			8	3,116,548				8,116,548	
·		<u>_</u>		, , ,				, ,	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-	(7	7,002,135)		16		(7,002,119)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Loan Issuance (Refunding)		-	6	5,040,000		-		6,040,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	(6,040,000		-		6,040,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		(962,135)		16		(962,119)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		50		1,331,650		3,169		1,334,869	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	50	\$	369,515	\$	3,185	\$	372,750	

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

THE BRANDS EAST METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 4 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (962,119)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of government funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Loan Issuance - Series 2023 Note Refunded Loans	(6,040,000) 7,656,115
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Accrued Interest Payable - Change in Liability	 9,704
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 663,700

THE BRANDS EAST METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 4 GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

REVENUES Total Revenues	Original and Final Budget -		Act <u>Amc</u> \$	ual punts	Final I Pos	ce with Budget itive ative) -
EXPENDITURES Total Expenditures						
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-		-		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		50		50		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	50	\$	50	\$	

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

The Brands East Metropolitan District No. 4 (the District), (formerly known as Eagle Crossing Windsor Metropolitan District No. 4), a quasi-municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court in and for Larimer County, Colorado, on January 20, 2015, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes).

The District was organized to provide financing for the planning, design, acquisition, construction, installation, relocation, redevelopment, operations, and maintenance of the public improvements within the District including streets, parks and recreation, water and wastewater facilities, transportation, mosquito control, safety protection, fire protection, television relay and translation, and security. The District was organized in conjunction with three other related Districts, The Brands East Metropolitan District No.1, No. 2, and No. 3 (formerly known as Eagle Crossing Windsor Metropolitan District No. 1, No. 2, and No. 3). The District, along with The Brands East Metropolitan District Nos. 2-3, serve as the Financing Districts, which are responsible for providing the tax base needed to support financing of capital improvements. The Brands East Metropolitan District No. 1 serves as the Operating District which is responsible for coordinating the financing, construction, and maintenance of all public improvements and other services for the Financing Districts.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization is governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien always on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and, generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Equity</u>

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

In the government-wide financial statements, fund equity is classified as net position. Net position may be classified into three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 60
Cash and Investments - Restricted	 36,852
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 36,912

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 36,912
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 36,912

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2023, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance and a carrying balance of \$36,912.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities of the World Bank
- . Certain international agency securities
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- . Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2023, the District did not have any investments.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	-	Balance at ecember 31, 2022		Additions	F	Reductions	-	Balance at ecember 31, 2023	C	Due Within)ne Year
Government Activities:										
Tax-Exempt Loans: Series 2018A Note	\$	2,585,000	\$	-	\$	2.585.000	\$	-	\$	-
Series 2019A Note	Ŧ	1,711,887	Ŧ	-	Ŷ	1,711,887	Ŧ	-	Ŷ	-
Series 2019B Note		1,300,894		-		1,300,894		-		-
Series 2020A Note		2,058,334		-		2,058,334		-		-
Series 2023 Note		-		6,040,000		-		6,040,000		302,000
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$	7,656,115	\$	6,040,000	\$	7,656,115	\$	6,040,000	\$	302,000

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

US Bank Tax-Exempt Loans: On November 8, 2018, the District entered into a loan agreement with US Bank to obtain a tax-exempt, nonbank qualified, draw down term loan up to \$15,000,000 (Loan). The Loan is due on December 1, 2023, with interest paid semiannually on June 1 and December 1 and principal due on December 1. Proceeds from this Loan were used to repay Developer-paid costs of public improvements, funding the Debt Service Reserve Fund and Capitalized Interest Fund, and cover issue costs. \$2,700,000 was drawn upon closing (Series 2018A Note) bearing a 3.86% interest rate. Series 2019A Note in the amount of \$1,824,871 was drawn on August 16, 2019 bearing a 2.51% interest rate, Series 2019B Note in the amount of \$1,429,555 was drawn on December 13, 2019 bearing a 2.54% interest rate, and Series 2020A Note in the amount of \$2,189,716 was drawn on November 30, 2020, bearing a 1.34% interest rate. A non-use fee of .25% per annum of the unfunded portion of the loan is due and payable semi-annually.

The Loan is secured by and payable from the Pledged Revenue consisting of monies derived by the District from the following sources, net of any collection costs: (1) the Required Mill Levy, (2) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the imposition of the Required Mill Levy, (3) pledged net PIF revenues, (4) pledged net sales tax revenues, (5) pledged PILOT revenues, and (6) any other legally available monies which the District determines to be treated as Pledged Revenue. The Loan is also secured by amounts held by the Trustee in the Reserve Fund. Required Mill Levy means an ad valorem mill levy imposed upon all taxable property of the District each year in an amount sufficient to pay the principal and any interest on the Loan as they become due and payable and to make up any deficiencies in the Reserve Fund. The maximum Required Mill Levy is 39.000 mills, adjusted for change in the ratio of actual value to assessed value of property within the District.

All outstanding amounts under this Loan were refunded (paid in full) on December 21, 2023, with the issuance of the Series 2023 Note (discussed below).

Points West Community Bank Special Revenue Note, Series 2023: On December 21, 2023, the District entered into a loan agreement with Points West Community Bank to obtain a loan in the amount of \$6,040,000 (Series 2023 Note). The Series 2023 Note has an interest rate of 4.70%, payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1. Principal payment is scheduled every December 1, starting December 1, 2024. The Series 2023 Note matures on December 1, 2028. Proceeds from the Series 2023 Note were used to refund the District's prior loans with US Bank. The Series 2023 Note is secured and payable from the pledged revenues consisting of property tax revenues, specific ownership revenue, and revenues assigned by the Developer to the District (public improvements fees and sales tax rebates).

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The Series 2023 Note will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 302,000	\$ 268,109	\$ 570,109
2025	302,000	269,686	571,686
2026	302,000	255,492	557,492
2027	302,000	241,298	543,298
2028	4,832,000	 227,104	 5,059,104
Total	\$ 6,040,000	\$ 1,261,689	\$ 7,301,689

Authorized Debt

At December 31, 2023, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	Authorized November 4, 2014 Election		Authorization Used 2018		Authorization Used 2019		Authorization Used 2020		Authorized But Unissued	
Streets	\$	15,000,000	\$	(1,897,548)	\$	(2,770,011)	\$	(2,115,956)	\$	8,216,485
Safety Protection	Ψ	15,000,000	Ψ	(10,657)	Ψ	(2,770,011)	Ψ	(2,110,000)	Ψ	14,989,343
Water		15,000,000		(271,280)		(275,224)		-		14,453,496
Sanitary and Storm Sewer		15,000,000		(446,069)		(210,224)		(73,760)		14,480,171
Public Transportation		15,000,000		(74,446)		(209,192)		- (10,100)		14,716,362
Mosquito Control		15,000,000		(, ,		()		-		15.000.000
Safety Protection		15,000,000		-		-		-		15,000,000
Fire Protection		15,000,000		-		-		-		15,000,000
Television Relay		-,,								- , ,
and Translation		15,000,000		-		-		-		15,000,000
Security		15,000,000		-		-		-		15,000,000
Operations and Maintenance		15,000,000		-		-		-		15,000,000
Debt Refunding		15,000,000		-		-		-		15,000,000
IGA for Public Improvements		15,000,000		-		-		-		15,000,000
Private Agreements as Debt		15,000,000		-		-		-		15,000,000
Special Assessment		15,000,000		-		-		-		15,000,000
Total	\$	225,000,000	\$	(2,700,000)	\$	(3,254,427)	\$	(2,189,716)	\$	216,855,857
			_		_		_		_	

Pursuant to the Service Plan, the maximum general obligation indebtedness for all of Financing Districts (as defined below) combined is to not exceed \$15,000,000.

NOTE 5 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2023, as follows:

	Governmental Activities	
Restricted Net Position:		
Debt Service	\$	362,068
Total Restricted Net Position	\$	362,068

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of long-term debt and accrued interest issued for public improvements constructed or acquired by District No. 1 (Operating District), for the benefit of the Districts, which public improvements are either owned or maintained by District No. 1 or will be conveyed to other governmental entities.

NOTE 6 AGREEMENTS

District Coordinating Services Agreement (District Nos. 1-4)

On March 27, 2018 (effective January 1, 2018), the District and District Nos. 1-3 entered into a District Coordinating Services Agreement (the Coordinating Services Agreement) for the purpose of establishing the respective obligations of the Districts with respect to the coordination, oversight, and funding of certain administrative costs of the Districts (Administrative Services) and costs related to the continued operation and maintenance (O&M Services) of certain public improvements benefitting the Districts, and their residents and taxpayers.

Pursuant to the Coordinating Services Agreement, District No. 1 was designated as the "coordinating district" (the Coordinating District) and the District along with District Nos. 2 and 3 were each designated as "financing districts" (the Financing Districts). The Coordinating District agrees to perform the Administrative Services for the Financing Districts, which include but is not limited to serving as the "official custodian" and repository for the Financing Districts' records, coordination of all Board meetings, review and preparation of financial reports, analysis of financial conditions, insurance and election administration, budget preparation, and construction administration and supervision, etc. In addition, the Coordinating District will also own, operate, and maintain any public improvements not dedicated to other governmental entities including common areas, parks, entry monuments, landscaping, open space tracts, recreational facilities, and other community amenities. The Financing Districts shall be responsible for any and all costs, fees, charges, and expenses incurred by the Coordinating District in providing the Administrative and O&M Services through the imposition of ad valorem mill levy against the taxable property lying within their respective boundaries.

NOTE 6 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Common Finance Plan Resolution

On November 6, 2018, District Nos. 1-3 and the District adopted a Joint Resolution Regarding Intent to Implement Common Plan of Finance (the Common Finance Plan Resolution) for the benefit of all Districts. The financial plan of the Districts is to: (i) issue no more debt than the Districts can reasonably pay within thirty years of each series of debt from revenues derived from the maximum Debt Mill Levy and other legally available revenues, and (ii) satisfy all other financial obligations arising out of the Districts' administrative and operations and maintenance activities.

District No. 1 has entered into several Infrastructure Acquisition and Reimbursement Agreements (the IARAs) with developers and builders within the Project Area to reimburse them for certified District eligible costs and acquire any public improvements that is to be owned by District No. 1. Pursuant to the Common Finance Plan Resolution, the District declared its intent, upon issuance of the Loan, to transfer all available revenues to District No. 1 for the payment of such capital costs, including amounts owed by District No. 1 pursuant to the IARAs. District Nos. 2 and 3 also entered into Capital Pledge Agreements with the District to support the payment of debts issued by the District.

Capital Pledge Agreements

On November 8, 2018, the Financing Districts entered into an agreement with US Bank pursuant to which they will impose the required mill levy each year to generate the property tax revenues to be pledged towards the repayment of the US Bank Tax-Exempt Loans (discussed in Note 4 above, "Original Pledge Agreement"). District Nos. 2 and 3 will remit their net tax revenues to the District.

On December 21, 2023, the Financing Districts entered into an Amended and Restated Capital Pledge Agreement ("Pledge Agreement") which amends and restates the Original Pledge Agreement, and pursuant to which the Financing Districts will impose the required mill levy against all taxable property of the applicable Financing Districts to be pledged towards the repayment of the Points West Community Bank Series 2023 Note.

BAA and PIF Revenues Assignment Agreement

On November 8, 2018, the District and District No. 1 have entered into a BAA and PIF Revenues Assignment Agreement whereas in exchange for the District incurring indebtedness in the form of loans, District No. 1 has agreed to remit all Assigned Revenues (as defined below), net of the annual operation amount, to the District for the benefit of repaying the Series 2018A Note and any additional loans.

NOTE 6 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

BAA and PIF Revenues Assignment Agreement (continued)

District No. 1's Assigned Revenues include the pledged net sales tax revenues and pledged net PIF revenues. For the purpose of providing for costs of the public improvements within the Districts, Eagle Crossing Development Inc. and Eagle Crossing Windsor, LLC (collectively, the Developers) and the Town of Windsor has entered into a Business Assistance Agreement Regarding The Brands East dated March 27, 2017 (the Business Assistance Agreement, or BAA), pursuant to which the Town is required to rebate to the Developers certain Town Sales Tax generated within the Brands East Project, including but not limited to, the property located within the boundaries of the Districts. Furthermore, pursuant to an Agreement Regarding Remittance of Business Assistance Agreement Revenues dated November 8, 2018, the Developers have agreed to pay District No. 1 all Town Sales Tax payable to the Developers in accordance with the BAA.

Additionally, the Developers have designated District No. 1 as the primary Public Improvement Fees (PIF) recipient in various Assignment and Designation of Primary PIF Recipient agreements, and have assigned all gross PIF Revenues to District No. 1. Gross PIF Revenues mean the revenues derived from the imposition of the PIF on PIF sales initiated, consummated, conducted, transacted, or otherwise occurring within the boundaries of the Financing Districts, payable to District No. 1 in accordance with the provisions of the applicable PIF Covenant and the PIF Assignments, which include (i) the Assignment and Designation of Primary PIF Recipient The Brands East – Windsor (Fossil Ridge) dated November 6, 2018, between Eagle Crossing Windsor, LLC, and the District No. 1; (ii) the Assignment and Designation of Primary PIF Recipient The Brands East – Windsor dated November 6, 2018, between Eagle Crossing Windsor, LLC, and District No. 1; and (iii) the Assignment and Designation of Primary PIF Recipient Eagle Crossing Windsor, LLC, and District No. 1; and (iii) the Assignment and Designation of Primary PIF Recipient Eagle Crossing - Windsor dated November 6, 2018, between Eagle Crossing Windsor, LLC, and District No. 1; and (iii) the Assignment and Designation of Primary PIF Recipient Eagle Crossing - Windsor dated November 6, 2018, between Eagle Crossing Windsor, LLC, and District No. 1.

On December 21, 2023, the District and District No. 1 entered into an Amended and Restated BAA and PIF Revenues Assignment pursuant to which District No. 1 has assigned to the District all Town Sales Tax and all PIF Payable to District No. 1, net of certain collection costs related to the PIF, for the term of the Points West Community Bank Series 2023 Note.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES

The developers of the property which constitutes the District are Eagle Crossing Development, Inc., Eagle Crossing Windsor, LLC, and Trollco Inc (the Developers). Certain members of the Board of Directors of the Districts are officers or employees of or related to the Developers or an entity affiliated with the Developers or the majority owner of the Developers, and may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue. On November 4, 2014, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all currently levied taxes and fees of the District without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases. Since the District's net revenue is pledged for debt service, an emergency reserve has not been provided. An emergency reserve has been established in District No. 1's General Fund as of December 31, 2023.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

THE BRANDS EAST METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 4 DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budget Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes Interest Income Transfers from District No. 1 Transfers from District No. 2 Transfers from District No. 3 Total Revenues	\$	140,931 9,865 3,000 411,861 32,361 435,221 1,033,239	\$	140,931 10,028 25,000 431,061 32,604 437,439 1,077,063	\$	140,931 10,152 37,589 459,893 32,295 433,553 1,114,413	\$	124 12,589 28,832 (309) (3,886) 37,350
EXPENDITURES County Treasurer's Fee Miscellaneous Non-Use Fees Paying Agent Fees Loan Interest - Series 2018A Loan Interest - Series 2019A Loan Interest - Series 2019A Loan Interest - Series 2020A Loan Principal - Series 2019A Loan Principal - Series 2019A Loan Principal - Series 2019B Loan Principal - Series 2020A Cost of Issuance Contingency		2,819 - 2,000 101,167 42,968 33,502 27,582 2,585,000 1,711,887 1,300,895 2,058,332 400,000 31,709		2,830 - 18,000 2,000 101,167 43,565 33,502 27,115 2,585,000 1,711,887 1,300,895 2,058,332 240,950 174,757		2,830 70 17,378 2,200 108,758 48,592 37,322 33,383 2,585,000 1,711,887 1,300,895 2,058,333 209,900		(70) 622 (200) (7,591) (5,027) (3,820) (6,268) - - - (1) 31,050 174,757
Total Expenditures EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Loan Issuance (Refunding) Total Other Financing		8,297,861 (7,264,622) 5,970,000		8,300,000 (7,222,937) 6,095,000		8,116,548 (7,002,135) 6,040,000		183,452 220,802 (55,000)
Sources (Uses) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		5,970,000 (1,294,622) 1,294,622		6,095,000 (1,127,937) 1,331,650		6,040,000 (962,135) 1,331,650		(55,000) 165,802 -
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$	203,713	\$	369,515	\$	165,802

THE BRANDS EAST METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 4 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Original and Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Interest Income	\$		\$ 16	\$ 16	
Total Revenues	<u>.</u>	-	16	16	
EXPENDITURES					
Total Expenditures		<u> </u>			
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		-	16	16	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Total Other Financing Sources		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	16	16	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		<u> </u>	3,169	3,169	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	<u> </u>	\$ 3,185	<u>\$ 3,185</u>	

OTHER INFORMATION

THE BRANDS EAST METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 4 SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Year Ended	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property	Mills L	evied for		otal ty Taxes	Percent Collected
December 31,	Tax Levy	General	Debt Service	Levied	Collected	to Levied
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023	\$ 1,156,965 3,152,554 4,708,140 4,292,739 4,697,711	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	30.000 30.000 30.000 30.000 30.000	\$ 34,709 94,577 141,244 128,782 140,931	\$ 34,709 94,577 141,244 128,782 140,931	100.00 % 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31, 2024	\$ 6,351,887	0.000	31.182	\$ 198,065		